



Prince George ProLife Society

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NEWSLETTER NO. 29

July 2006

PROLIFE SOCIETY

This newsletter is a publication of the ProLife Society of Prince George.

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Members of the ProLife Society believe in the right to life of all human beings from the moment of fertilization until natural death. We support only the use of peaceful means to promote the aims of the society.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

In last April's newsletter, I shared with you the story of Olivia Talbot, the 19-year-old pregnant Edmonton woman, who was shot and killed in her 27th week of pregnancy. Her ex-boyfriend, who perpetrated the crime, was then charged only with her murder and not with the murder of her son. The following is an update:

These events prompted Conservative MP Leon Benoit to introduce Bill C-291, called the Unborn Victims of Violence Bill, which would amend the Criminal Code and "make it a separate offence to kill or injure an unborn child while committing a violent crime against the mother."

This bill, however, never made it past the Subcommittee on Private Members Business, which declared the bill to be non-votable. The five members of this committee said that the bill violated the Constitution, including the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms.

Benoit then appealed this decision by defending his bill before the Standing Committee on Procedural and House Affairs. Shortly before the vote, the committee received a message from the Attorney General, Vic Toews, which stated that this bill was "clearly" unconstitutional. The committee then voted, with the result being that seven voted against the appeal, one for, and four abstained. Never was it explained, however, in what way this bill was unconstitutional.

In a December 2005 Robbins Sce Research Poll, 78% of Canadians supported a second murder charge in cases such as the Talbot murder; and in a November 2005 poll by the Calgary Herald, 82% supported the additional charge. It is clear that Canadians want to protect both the unborn and their mothers from violence and possible death. When will our elected representatives finally hear the voices of the Canadian people and respond accordingly?

Fortunately, Leon Benoit is not giving up. He says he will be back. We hope and pray that he will, and we pray that, next time, our representatives will be listening!

On a more upbeat note, the Ottawa March for Life, held May 10-12, was hugely successful. The theme for this year's march was, "Abortion Is Killing Canada's Future." The march had nearly 6,000 participants with a large number of youths present. Campaign Life Coalition national president

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COMING EVENTS

August 2006

10-13 PGX Prolife Booth

October 2006

1 **LIFE CHAIN**
Along 15th Avenue
2 - 3 pm

23 **AGM**
St. Mary's School
7 pm
Speaker:
Dr. Ken Campbell

(President's Message, cont.)

Jim Hughes expressed that, "It was excellent. It recharged my batteries seeing all those happy young people there. It was wonderful being around them, since they can see there'll be a change in their lifetime."

At the Rose Dinner, following the march, former Member of Parliament Pat O'Brien received the Joseph P. Borowski Award. This award is presented to the Canadian "who most distinguishes himself for the pro-life cause in the political arena over the past year." He quoted Winston Churchill as he urged all pro-lifers to "never, never, never quit."

These next couple of months, be sure to take time to relax and to refresh, but remember to "never, never, never quit." We still need your letters to elected officials strongly encouraging them to defend the lives of all the unborn; we need your help in getting out the pro-life message, in August, at our Prince George Exhibition booth; and we always, always need your continued prayers. Have a wonderful summer!

Laura Fowlie, President

Former Abortion Clinic Donated to Expand Crisis Pregnancy Centre

SPRINGFIELD, Missouri, July 12, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – A building that recently housed an abortion clinic has been donated to a local crisis pregnancy center, which offers women help in finding alternatives to abortion. Owners of the building announced Sunday they would donate the space to the Pregnancy Care Center, KY3 News reported.

The former abortion clinic, known as the Springfield Health Care Center, shut down unexpectedly last October after launching a lawsuit against a new state law that required clinic abortionists to obtain hospital privileges within 30 miles of their clinic. Violations of the law could result in prison terms of up to 15 years.

The only physician to perform abortions at the Springfield clinic had privileges at a hospital outside the 30-mile limit. Although the clinic won a temporary stay against the law, the clinic board suddenly announced the closure of the facility late in October.

Although the board said the decision to close was not related to the lawsuit, clinic administrator Michelle Turner-Collins told the News-Leader at the time that opposition to abortion had made the clinic too difficult to operate.

"They're saying that the environment here in Missouri is so hostile, that it's just so difficult to continue to jump through the hoops that they keep putting forward," she said.

The law also allowed parents to sue in civil court anyone who intentionally helped a minor obtain an abortion without the permission of the girl's parents or a judge. The clinic had asked about 15 local and out-of-town physicians to begin performing abortions. All had refused.

For almost 30 years the building served as the only abortion clinic in the Ozark region. An average of 1,500 abortions were performed at the center annually. Since the abortion clinic closed in the fall of 2005, the Pregnancy Care Center said, clients to the Center have increased by 70 percent, reported KY3 News.

"I think the impact of that clinic closing is that those young people are really looking for a place to go," said Cindi Boston, with the PCC.

The Center intends to expand the services it provides for local women, using the new 5,800 square-foot building to offer information on parenting and adoption.

Pope Appoints Outspokenly Pro-life US Bishop to Vatican Supreme Court

VATICAN CITY, July 11, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – A strongly pro-life U.S. bishop has been appointed to the Vatican's Supreme Court of the Apostolic Signature, Catholic News Service reported yesterday. Pope Benedict XVI appointed Archbishop Raymond L. Burke of St. Louis to the court on July eighth.

Archbishop Burke took an uncompromising stand in a drawn out battle during the 2004 U.S. federal election over the reception of communion by pro-abortion public figures. The Archbishop led a minority of Catholic bishops who said they would be willing to uphold Church Law by refusing communion to 'manifest grave sinners' until they recanted.

Presidential candidate John Kerry's insistence that he could be both strongly Catholic and strongly pro-abortion uncovered a split in the U.S. Bishops over whether or not to deny Kerry (and others like him) Holy Communion. While Cardinal McCarrick of Washington issued a statement saying the U.S. Catholic Bishops' Conference would not take a stand on the issue, Archbishop Burke directed his priests to refuse Holy Communion to any politician who officially supported abortion or euthanasia.

“I hereby call upon Catholic legislators...to uphold the natural and divine law regarding the inviolable dignity of all human life. To fail to do so is a grave public sin and gives scandal to all the faithful. Therefore...Catholic legislators...who continue to support procured abortion or euthanasia may not present themselves to receive Holy Communion. They are not to be admitted to Holy Communion, should they present themselves, until such time as they publicly renounce their support of these most unjust practices.”

In a pastoral letter issued in January 2004, Archbishop Burke said abortion and euthanasia must take precedence over any other political considerations. “Some will say that the defence of innocent life is only one issue among many, that it is important but not fundamental. They are wrong. In the natural moral law, the good of life is the most fundamental good and the condition for the enjoyment of all other goods.”

Archbishop Burke had worked for the Vatican Supreme Court from 1989 to 1994. The Apostolic Signature oversees all tribunals and offices of the Roman Curia, as well as handling the establishment of international diocesan tribunals. Appeals to marriage annulment sentences make up a significant number of the cases handled by the court.

Pro-Life Polish President Appoints Pro-Life Twin Brother Prime Minister

WARSAW, July 10, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – The President of Poland and leader of the pro-life party, Law and Justice Party (PiS), Lech Kaczynski, has appointed his identical twin brother Jaroslaw as Prime Minister. The brothers had been prominent political activists during the communist period when opposition to communism could result in one's death.

Outgoing Prime Minister, Kazimierz Marcinkiewicz, is expected to run for mayor of Warsaw on the PiS ticket. The powerful position was formerly held by President Kaczynski, and is one that is regarded as a springboard to the presidency.

Jaroslaw Kaczynski had pulled out of the election race in 2005 saying that the country was not ready for twin brothers to occupy the nation's two most powerful posts.

PiS won parliamentary elections last September with 54.5 per cent of the vote on a campaign promise to be guided by Catholic principles in governing. Lech

Kaczynski has made good that promise by banning homosexual protest marches in Polish cities.

Poland is one of the very small number of traditionally Catholic countries remaining in Europe whose Catholic social and political identity remains largely intact.

The PiS holds joint power in Poland with the free market party the Civic Platform (PO). Both are considered by the European media as conservative and broadly opposed to the EU constitution and social project. In the 2005 elections the two parties ousted a socialist government that had held power since the fall of communism.

Lech Kaczynski told reporters that he did not want to hide his positions, including his opposition to the leftist social program of the European Union. He said, “I don't hide that I am against the European constitution project.”

The leaders of Poland, all of whom would be considered extreme right conservatives in Canada, have been attacked in the media for their positions on abortion and the family.

Outgoing Prime Minister Kazimierz Marcinkiewicz, in an interview last month appearing in the Polish edition of Newsweek magazine, was asked in 2005 whether homosexuality should be denounced, “It's unnatural,” he said. “The family is natural, and the state must stand guard over the family.”

The European Union threatened to deny Poland EU voting status over the president's opposition to the homosexual political agenda.

Conservative Government Investigates Allegations of Chinese Organ Harvesting From Political Prisoners

OTTAWA, July 7, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – Canada's Conservative government announced yesterday it will investigate claims that China has been harvesting organs from live prisoners for organ transplants, as revealed in a report by former Liberal and Independent MP David Kilgour and international human rights lawyer David Matas.

“We take these allegations quite seriously, and we'll look into that,” said Conservative MP Deepak Obhrai on Thursday. Obhrai, who is the parliamentary secretary to Foreign Affairs Minister Peter MacKay affirmed that the government will look to confirm the allegations raised by Kilgour and Matas' report released yesterday.

The report concludes a two-month investigation implicating some 30 hospitals and jails throughout China involved in the practice of harvesting organs from unwilling prisoners. Most of those whose organs were harvested were members of the religious sect Falun Gong, which China banned in 1999 as an organization subversive to the regime. The report identified over 41,500 transplants since 2000, which have no identifiable source, and which may include organs harvested from prisoners. The report includes transcripts of conversations in Mandarin Chinese with hospital and detention-centre officials who admitted having transplant organs available from prisoners belonging to Falun Gong.

"We've both been very shaken up by these stories. It's hard to believe this can go on anywhere in the world in this new century where human beings are supposed to matter," Kilgour said. Kilgour described the live transplant surgery procedure where kidneys, heart, skin, and corneas are removed from living anesthetized prisoners. One of Kilgour's sources is the wife of a surgeon, who confessed in detail to his wife to removing the corneas of over 2,000 Falun Gong prisoners.

Although the Chinese Government admitted to harvesting organs from executed prisoners in December 2005, Chinese Embassy Spokeswoman Wenxing Zuo dismissed allegations of forced transplants from prisoners as "rumours spread by the Falun Gong", and maintained that prisoners first give "written consent".

However, the Kilgour and Matas report only confirms other investigations into China's harvesting organs from unwilling prisoners. In March 2006, reporter Dominic Waghorn the China Correspondent for Sky News, a British based 24 hour TV news channel, verified in an investigation that prisoners are killed after they are found to match a patient who is awaiting a donor organ, and there is much cooperation between the hospitals and jails in this practice.

Catholic Pro-Lifer Wins Mexican Presidential Elections over Abortion Supporter

MEXICO CITY, July 6, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) - Pro-life groups in Mexico are celebrating today the election of Felipe Calderon as the new President of Mexico. Calderon, from the ruling National Action Party (PAN), was until recently thought to be a long-

shot against socialist Manuel Lopez Obrador of the Democratic Revolution Party which supports abortion.

Initial results from Sunday's elections were reported July 3, but with the extreme closeness of the vote a recount was demanded immediately by Obrador. The recount confirmed Calderon as the winner. The official recount had Calderon coming away with just over 236,000 votes more than Obrador in an election where over 41 million votes were cast.

Obrador is still unwilling to accept defeat and is now clamouring for a ballot-by-ballot recount.

The Inter Press Service News Agency described Calderon saying: "He is known to be a devout, conservative Catholic, attending daily mass, and has not shied from acknowledging his stances against abortion, condom use, homosexual relations and euthanasia."

In an interview with the Knight Ridder news service earlier this year Calderon said "On the subject of abortion, I am pro-life, and I also see that it is a matter clearly regulated by law, and most of all in judicial terms well settled."

Calderon, a relatively young (43) Harvard grad with three children all under 10, and a wife who is also a PAN legislator did not shy away from his faith during the elections. "I am a man of convictions who wants what is best for his children and those of all Mexicans," he said during the campaign.

Suit to Force Abortion on Ireland Deemed Inadmissible by European Human Rights Court

STRASBOURG, France, July 6, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) - The European Court of Human Rights has rejected a lawsuit brought against the Irish government by an Ireland woman, who travelled to the UK to have an abortion. Under Irish law, abortion is only permitted if there is a "real and substantial risk to the life of the mother."

The woman, known as 'D', who had two previous children, obtained an abortion in the UK in 2002 during the second trimester of pregnancy with twins. She decided to abort after one of the babies died in the womb and she was told the other had a genetic abnormality known as Trisomy 18, or Edward's Syndrome. The disorder causes both physical and mental disability and the lifespan of those born with the condition is severely restricted with half living only 2 months and 90% dying within a year.

D. underwent the abortion when the child was nearing 24 weeks gestation – abortions in the UK cannot be performed after 24 weeks unless the mother's life is in immediate danger.

The woman sued the Irish government for insufficient access to abortion, claiming that her rights were violated under multiple articles of the EU Human Rights Convention, including article 3 (prohibition of inhuman or degrading treatment), article 8 (right to respect for private and family life), and article 14 (prohibition of discrimination). She also accused the government of discriminating against her as a pregnant woman or as a woman pregnant with a lethal fetal abnormality.

The EU Court declared the suit inadmissible in a majority decision earlier this week, stating that the woman had not made a sufficient attempt to obtain an abortion within Ireland before seeking one in the UK. In a press release yesterday, the Court also stated that the existing abortion law in Ireland was sufficiently flexible to have allowed the woman to obtain an abortion, given her particular circumstances.

The case was expected to have a significant impact on Ireland's abortion laws, if the Court had decided in the woman's favour. Pro-life and abortion-rights groups both made submissions to the EU Court, including the Society for the Protection of Unborn Children, the Pro-Life Campaign, the Irish Family Planning Association and the Centre for Reproductive Rights.

The court indicated that if the woman had pursued an abortion within Ireland, the landmark case could potentially have had a far-reaching impact on abortion access in the country.

Canadian Medical Journal Misleading Doctors on Abortion Practice

OTTAWA, July 6, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – A guest editorial appearing in a recent edition of the Canadian Medical Association Journal (CMAJ) has claimed that the 1988 Morgentaler decision of the Supreme Court of Canada that ended all legal protection for the child in the womb, created a constitutional right to abortion and that doctors do not have the right to refuse to make abortion referrals.

The article was co-authored by Sandra Rodgers, a pro-abortion law professor who teaches a course to University of Ottawa medical students entitled "Abortion Services in Canada." Mme. Rodgers sets the tone starting with the bold assertion: "Access to reproductive health care is

essential to women's health and for some women, abortion is a key component of that care."

The editorial complains that abortion and abortion-related services are restricted by lack of access. She writes, "In 1988, in Morgentaler, the Supreme Court of Canada recognized that a woman's right to continue or to terminate a pregnancy is protected by the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms and struck down the law."

But as Barbara McAdorey of Canadian Physicians for Life points out, the Morgentaler decision never created such a thing in Canada as a "constitutional right" to abortion.

To the contrary, the Supreme Court called upon Parliament to establish laws protecting the right to life of the unborn child.

Justice Dickson wrote in the decision, "Protection of foetal interests by Parliament is also a valid governmental objective. It follows that balancing these interests, with the lives and health of women a major factor, is clearly an important governmental objective."

Justice Beetz wrote in the case, "I am of the view that the protection of the foetus is and, as the Court of Appeal observed, always has been, a valid objective in Canadian criminal law."

The CMAJ editorial also claims that the CMA Code of Ethics says that physicians who "fail to provide appropriate referrals...are committing malpractice and risk lawsuits and disciplinary proceedings."

The CMA Code of Ethics, however, does not require physicians to refer for abortions against the dictates of their conscience. The policy states, "A physician whose moral or religious beliefs prevent him or her from recommending or performing an abortion should inform the patient of this so that she may consult another physician."

McAdorey contacted the CMA and was told in an email dated March 24, 2004, from Dr. Jeff Blackmer, Executive Director, Office of Ethics, Canadian Medical Association, "That doctor would not be required to make a referral against his or her conscience. However, patients should be clearly told of the physician's views and the patient's right to consult with another physician."

Abortion Rates in UK Reach New High - One Third are Repeat Abortion

LONDON, July 6, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – Nearly

a third of British women who have an abortion have had one or more before according to the latest Department of Health statistics.

In England and Wales, abortion rates have risen from 185,713 in 2004 to 186,416 in 2005. A significant increase was found particularly in early term abortions, those under ten weeks gestation, whereas late abortions, those committed over 20 weeks gestation, decreased almost 10 per cent last year.

Despite a move by some MP's and others to promote a Parliamentary reconsideration of the legal gestational age limit for abortion – currently at 24 weeks – the numbers show that the real problem is not late term but early abortions, a problem that the upper age limit will not address. In 2005, abortions under 10 weeks accounted for 66.5 per cent of the total number compared to 60.2 per cent in 2004.

The statistics also showed an increase in eugenic abortions, those permitted because the child is handicapped or potentially disabled. 22 per cent of these cases were the result of a diagnosis of Down's Syndrome.

A spokesman for the Society for the Protection for Unborn Children (SPUC) said the government is guilty of pressuring doctors into doing abortions. Citing the statistics showing a five per cent increase in abortions on girls under 16, SPUC president John Smeaton said, "Government guidance includes a thinly-veiled warning of severe punitive action against health care professionals who break a strict code of secrecy concerning abortions for children who are under 16-years old."

Coma Recovery After 19 Years Poses Questions About Terri Schiavo

A Tale of Two Terries, By Peter J. Smith

MOUNTAIN VIEW, Arkansas, July 4, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – On Monday The Journal of Clinical Investigation published new research on the recovery of a brain damaged man from his 19 years in a minimally conscious state, adding to the growing evidence that those with "hopelessly" severe brain injuries may be able to recuperate with therapy or other kinds of assistance.

The Journal's research focuses on the sudden recovery of Terry Wallis, who experienced a car wreck in 1984 when he was 19 years old. The accident sheared the nerve connections in his brain, putting him in a minimally conscious state (MCS) and rendering him a quadriplegic. Terry, a young husband with a newborn child, was considered a hopeless case, especially

considering that his family could not pay the \$120,000 needed to consult a neurologist about any possibility of recovery. However in 2003, during one of the regular visits of his mother, who had regularly visited him at the Rehabilitation Centre in Mountain View, Arkansas, he made what seemed a sudden recovery, and spoke "mom", his first word in 19 years.

The research indicates that Terry's brain grew new tiny nerve connections over time, creating a new nerve network to replace the old one that was severely damaged in the car accident. While doctors and neurologists are still baffled as to 'why' Terry recovered, the doctors at the rehabilitation centre have indicated that Terry's recovery might be attributed to the visits of his family, who took him out on weekends and special occasions. This may have acted as a mental therapy to help his brain recover.

"He now seems exactly like his old self," says Jerry Wallis, Terry's father. Over the 19 years of Terry's coma, both Jerry and his mother Angilee had doubts at some time or another about whether or not it was better for Terry to be alive. However, now both are glad they never caved into those doubts. Since then they have seen their son make strides in his recovery with the ambition of walking for his daughter. "He very often tells us how glad he is to be alive," says Terry's father.

Terry Wallis' remarkable recovery after 19 years, however, stands in stark opposition to the case of Terri Schindler-Schiavo, who received no therapy from her philandering husband after her 1990 collapse. She was instead dehydrated to death by court order in March 2005. Although some doctors claim that Terri Schiavo could not have made Terry Wallis' recovery since she was in a persistent vegetative state (PVS), witnesses such as former nurse Carla Iyer maintained that with therapy, Schiavo, who said words like "mommy, help me", could have indeed recovered over time.

New research on the ability of the brain to recover over time questions the hastiness of many in the medical profession to condemn patients as irreversibly brain-dead or damaged. Back in May, South African researchers discovered a drug that helps PVS patients temporarily recover to a fully conscious state. In a BBC interview Dr. Ralf Clauss, a scientist in nuclear medicine and one of the drug researchers, stated that "For every damaged area of the brain, there is a dormant area, which seems to be a sort of protective mechanism. The damaged tissue is dead, there's nothing you can do," he explained. "But it's the dormant areas which 'wake up'."

Abortion of “Excess” Babies Common with IVF

VIRGINIA BEACH, Virginia, July 4, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – “Excess” babies are routinely aborted as part of in vitro fertilization techniques, a report by the Virginian-Pilot acknowledged yesterday.

The report examined the problems associated with multiple births, a common occurrence when attempting to conceive and successfully carry a child using artificial technology. The success of IVF techniques typically rely on the insertion of multiple embryos to enhance a couple’s chances that at least one embryo will successfully implant and result in a pregnancy.

Frequently, the procedure will result in more than one embryo implanting in the womb at a time, resulting in abnormally high rates of twins, triplets and quadruplets. All multiple births pose far greater risks for both mother and children. The babies are usually born prematurely with dangerously low birth weight, at risk for serious disabilities.

To avoid these risks and increase the chances of having a healthy baby, fertility clinics commonly recommend the “selective reduction” of one or more babies—which in fact simply means aborting the children tagged as less promising to make room for the baby (or babies) believed to be physically stronger.

“In a world where debate storms on legislative floors over stem cell research and abortion, embryos are culled with quiet regularity from the wombs of women for whom fertility procedures were too effective,” wrote report author Elizabeth Simpson.

Although some fertility clinics have attempted to cut down on multiple birth rates by voluntarily placing restrictions on the number of embryos placed in the womb, such measures only result in the deaths (or indefinite storage) of left over embryos denied access to their mother’s womb.

This treatment of “surplus” embryos is a core argument

against artificial procreation methods, raised by the Catholic Church and other religious and political organizations who charge that in vitro fertilization techniques are fundamentally immoral.

UK Doctors Move From Neutral to Rejecting Assisted Suicide

LONDON, June 29, 2006 (LifeSiteNews.com) – In a vote this week, the British Medical Association (BMA) took a clear stand against physician assisted suicide. 65% of the 500 doctors at the BMA’s meeting in Belfast voted against the proposal to accept assisted suicide.

This represents a significant development from previous trends. In a narrow vote last year the BMA refused to take a position against assisted suicide, though individuals and pro-life organizations have said the practice is going on quietly and the courts have ruled that disabled patients do not have the right not to be dehydrated to death.

In July 2005 the BMA was discussing whether to support then-pending legislation in the House of Lords that would legalize assisted suicide. Members voted narrowly not to oppose the legislation.

Lord Joffe, the author of the bill, praised the BMA’s decision to stay out of the way of the movement that pro-life advocates say leads inevitably to active euthanasia. He said, “The BMA’s decision to adopt a neutral stance is an important move because the Government is really thinking carefully about the issue.”

The bill was blocked in May, but Lord Joffe and its supporters have vowed to reintroduce it until it is passed into law.

A poll of UK doctors showed that 70 per cent were opposed to assisted suicide. Dr Andrew Davies, from Cardiff, told the BBC that terminally ill patients in his care had “a lot on their minds,” but for many their main concern was the effect their illness was having on their families. “My worry is that a right to die will become a duty to die, a duty to unburden their families.”



LIFE CHAIN 2006

A peaceful, prayerful
witness to the truth
about abortion

along 15th Avenue from PGRH to Central

Sunday October 1st
2:00 to 3:00 pm

for further information and church
contact person phone Laura at
563-3874

Annual General Meeting

Monday, October 23, 2006

7:00 p.m.

St. Mary's School

Agenda includes

President's Report

Treasurer's Report

Business Arising
Elections

Guest Speaker

Dr. Ken Campbell

Wilderness Ministries

Tumbler Ridge

Refreshments to Follow

Everyone Welcome

PROLIFE BOOTH

AT THE PGX

AUGUST 10 – 13

THE PROLIFE SOCIETY WILL NEED
VOLUNTEERS TO BE IN THE BOOTH.

SHIFTS ARE 3 HOURS EACH:

10 AM TO 1 PM 1 PM TO 4 PM

4 PM TO 7 PM 7 PM TO 10 PM

TWO PEOPLE ARE NEEDED FOR EACH
SHIFT.

THURSDAY IS **SENIOR'S DAY** AND
FRIDAY IS **KID'S DAY**.

IF YOU CAN HELP BY TAKING A SHIFT,
PLEASE CALL TRACY PFANMULLER AT
564-0551.

FREE PGX PASSES ARE MADE AVAILABLE
FOR YOUR SHIFT.

Name/s: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____ E-mail: _____

Membership: New Renewal

Individual/Family **\$24** SeniorStudent **\$12** Donation _____

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(Prince George ProLife cannot issue charitable tax receipts for donations)